

1210	Yes	It is to be land owned locally, utilised communally by traditional methods, creating employment in rural areas	It is important to see it utilised effectively dependent on its grade	51-60	Male	Farmer or Crofter		4	Accessible Rural Areas
1211	Yes	Smaller over parcels of land owned by Scottish natives	Heritage and biodiversity	41-50	Female	Landowner		7	Remote Rural Areas
1212	Yes		Spacious, fresh, clean air	61-70	Male	Farmer or Crofter		6	Accessible Rural Areas
1213	Yes	Land needs to be used to the benefit of the local area. More farming and less multi-billion companies owning land	Diversity and no big business ownership	51-60	Female	Landowner		6	Accessible Rural Areas
1214	Yes	Would like to see less land owned by multiple billion companies being in effect carbon. There was good farm land given over to tree cultivation	Most important to me is seeing it being farmed/tenanted	61-70	Male	Landowner		6	Accessible Rural Areas
1215	Yes	Would like to see an easier acquisition route for relatively small areas of land where local communities need for housing or other social developments with a focus on creating and/or maintaining viability in rural communities. Would like to see a more suitable approach to land management for climate change with a recognition of the value needed for effective measures and the need to ensure that such and some of the practical ideas for a reduction in areas in single ownership. Would like to see land management and use influenced principally by activities which are economically sustainable with Government support used to jump start and to support activities which are socially desirable but cannot be economically self-sustaining.	That it is well managed and supports a thriving local population.	Over 70		Land manager		2	Other Urban Areas
1216	Yes	As a retired person with a long view of Scotland's future, I believe land ownership in an independent Scotland must be fairer, more transparent, and reflect the common good. Too much of our land remains concentrated in the hands of a few, which limits opportunities for communities to flourish and for younger generations to build sustainable lives here. I would like to see stronger legislation that breaks up excessive private monopolies, gives communities the first right to buy, and prioritises local ownership over absentee or corporate interests. Land should be used to support affordable housing, local food production, biodiversity, and renewable energy, rather than being treated as a speculative asset. For me and my community, this would mean more security, vitality, and pride in knowing that the land around us serves the people who live on it. It would also ensure that our natural resources are protected for future generations, creating a Scotland that is not only independent but also self-sustaining socially and environmentally.	That land is cared for, accessible, and benefits the whole community.	61-70	Male	Interested Citizen		3	Accessible Small Towns
1217	No	[REDACTED - NO COMMENT FOR PUBLICATION]	[REDACTED - NO COMMENT FOR PUBLICATION]	51-60	Male	Tenant		4	Accessible Rural Areas
1218	Yes	Just we need some reality in how we actually view our land ownership and usage. As this continues in the so-called "healing" of land with an emphasis on a total disaster for viability, and also food production. Damaged heather moorland is also creating a huge wildfire risk as some people are slowly beginning to realise.	The heather moorland on hills is managed in the traditional way	61-70	Male	Business owner		7	Remote Rural Areas
1219	Yes	The destruction of the countryside in Scotland by the wind industry must only be stopped or reversed before it is too late.	Keeping the tranquility of the land. We are only temporary land keepers	61-70	Male	Farmer or Crofter		6	Very Remote Rural Areas
1220	Yes	How natural ecosystems through the process of ecological restoration, community or biodiversity net. There have been reviews in ecogal restoration for nearly 30 years both as a professional ecologist and volunteer. This process creates jobs and is very uplifting.	Nature recovery and generationally stable rural communities.	51-60	Male	Environmental or nature group member		3	Accessible Small Towns
1221	Yes	The power and responsibility to decide what happens with and on land in Scotland needs to shift from the few to the many. We need local governance mechanisms fit for making decisions over local land and adequate resources to administer and implement local decisions at a local level. Communities must benefit from the land around them as a matter of course and not, as is the case now, depend on the generosity of landowners. Housing, jobs, farming, nature, wellbeing, access, food systems, wildlife, resilience, are all crucially important to communities, regions and to Scotland as a whole. They depend on how land is managed and owned. Decisions must therefore be made collectively and democratically. If power and responsibility for land use decision-making is democratised, Scotland's culture in relation to land's bounds change and people's connection to the land around them will get stronger and deeper.	That there is a chance to influence how it is managed.	61-70	Male	Interested Citizen		7	Remote Rural Areas
1222	Yes	Large estates should be taxed at a high rate to encourage community benefits. This would also work as a wealth tax.	Live in Edinburgh. Our public spaces are regularly blocked by commerce.	51-60	Male	Interested Citizen		1	Large Urban Areas
1223	Yes	Land management and conservation	That nature is well managed	Over 70	Female	Interested Citizen		7	Remote Rural Areas
1224	Yes	Stop foreign companies evicting local farms and animals. If the landscape has to be secured in the name of progress then see as a country should be getting the profits from ownership. What realistic evidence do we have that they will return the ground to its natural state when the lifespan of these sites are over	No lithium battery storage safe technology only	61-70	Female	Interested Citizen		3	Accessible Small Towns
1225	Yes	Land ownership, at any scale, should come with responsibilities that recognise the importance of land management to the health of society. This would require the state to hugely improve its understanding of land and what good land stewardship entails. The challenge to rural communities needs to be improved employment opportunities, with economic and quality, improved health leading to better productivity and wellbeing, with positive outcomes for issues such as food quality and local food production. Particularly, state and private forestry practices in Scotland are a threat to local food production, knowledge and skills from farms should be supported in the way top of the governing bodies of this industry and the whole thing broken down and rebuilt. Also it is crucial that the long term trend toward land damage is stopped and reversed, we need to learn to work with the hydrological characteristics of land instead of destroying them.	Soil health, it is the basic sustainability of our civilisation at all scales.	41-50	Male	Land manager		6	Accessible Rural Areas
1226	No	[REDACTED - NO COMMENT FOR PUBLICATION]	[REDACTED - NO COMMENT FOR PUBLICATION]	51-60	Male	Land manager		6	Accessible Rural Areas
1227	Yes	More community land ownership to allow communities to thrive and generate income. Communities need land for homes, enterprises, renewables, growing and recreation. Take action to agreed councils which put unnecessary obstacles and delays in the way of Community Asset Transfers (South Lanarkshire I'm looking at you). Easier process for communities to adopt land which is unused/abandoned/benevolent. We need a right to request a biodiversity scheme - currently landowners can block sustainable travel initiatives for no good reason. The borough network has clear goals and the right to roam doesn't really address this for lowland areas where there are a lot of fences, hedges etc. This would not necessarily involve transferring ownership (i.e. no compulsory purchase costs) just erecting signage, gates, signs etc and possibly surfacing. This would connect communities and encourage recreational activity which is good for mental and physical health.	More community input to management and ownership	61-70	Female	Interested Citizen		6	Accessible Rural Areas
1228	Yes	Greater control on use of agricultural land and moorland through the planning system or otherwise as these have marked effects in neighbouring residents eg noise, traffic, flood risk, odour, jobs, greenhouse gas emissions/contamination.	The unspoilt natural landscape and the diversity of that landscape	51-60	Female	Landowner		4	Accessible Rural Areas
1229	Yes	Greater say for rural communities in the planning process, especially where electricity infrastructure and wind turbines are concerned. Our Scottish landscape is being ruined by the scale of these projects for no gain to the people of Scotland and hence to increase the wealth of landowners and the large energy companies.	To continue to farm without land being lost to rewilding.	51-60	Female	Farmer or Crofter		7	Remote Rural Areas
1230	Yes	To much land being used for rewilding. The stock is being moved off and will never return.	Biodiversity and land never working to benefit it	51-60	Female	Interested Citizen		2	Remote Rural Areas
1231	Yes	Would like to see the narrative on land moved away from being a political point scoring to emphasis on whether it is managed for nature well. There are examples of poor management by all types of owners, and good examples as well. Time has passed on since the 1990s and this needs to be taken into consideration when considering how land ownership "should be".	That it's still there for the next generation	41-50	Male	Farmer or Crofter		6	Very Remote Rural Areas
1232	Yes	Would like to see more initiatives given to Crofters and small farmers so that it is viable for them to continue working the land. These small operations bring many benefits to the environment and rural communities. I would like to see more legislation brought in to stop large farms being able to buy up areas of Scotland that get access to huge amounts of public money under the umbrella of the environment. Often these landowners remove the people that have been working the land for generations, while they are often in receipt of subsidies to their new acquisitions. This in turn can have devastating effects on rural communities.	Have to see the land worked and animals happily grazing in those communities.	51-60	Female	None of the above		2	Other Urban Areas
1233	Yes	Issues: Land at larger scale is positioned apart from "it's" community of place. Communities are predominantly viewed as homogeneous & disconnected from that land - as separate by landowners, land managers & land-related policy. Community also often an unequal distribution to improve on existing, democratic spatial outcomes. Communities are expected to be the mechanism whereby place plans, community assets, community land ownership are achieved to right historically embedded and particular systems. This, although ideologically correct, is grossly unfair & as data demonstrates, unrealistic. Change this. Invest in a national set of robust locality plans which integrate Land Management Plans & generate an inclusive, intelligent capital investment program for the benefit of landowners and other regional governments used to develop a case to justify allocations. Support local landowners and other regional governments used to develop a case to justify allocations. Support local landowners and other regional governments used to develop a case to justify allocations. Support local landowners and other regional governments used to develop a case to justify allocations.	All land must create community wealth & underpin generational community capital	41-50	Female	Community group or development trust member		8	Very Remote Rural Areas
1234	Yes	More community ownership is vitally important for the future prosperity of the country.	More control over house building an obligation for services on the developer	Over 70	Male	Interested Citizen		2	Other Urban Areas
1235	No	[REDACTED - NO COMMENT FOR PUBLICATION]	[REDACTED - NO COMMENT FOR PUBLICATION]	NA	Female	Interested Citizen			
1236	Yes	Perhaps more opportunities for smaller scale farming e.g. crofting or tenant farming. Large estates are still a controversial topic, so how community owned estates can impact and support their local (food chain, jobs) should be looked at further.	Enrichment of development on land. Rathwaith has 1000 native woodland	51-60	Male	None of the above		3	Other Urban Areas